



Implementing Shared Decision Making in Practice Strategies and Pitfalls

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Minimally Disruptive Medicine
Effective Care that Fits
September 29, 2016



What is SDM?

?

When you implement SDM
what are you trying to achieve?



At a minimum, achieving SDM requires:

1. The presentation of reasonable options

} CLINICIAN WORK

2. The meaningful contribution of patients

} PATIENT WORK

Creating a space that facilitates this work is key to implementing SDM



What is a decision aid?

?

Can you achieve SDM without implementing a decision aid?

Can you implement a decision aid without achieving SDM?

Consider the clinical management
of cardiovascular risk...

Feedback

Provider

Patient

MRN

Age: 53

Gender: F

Date: 6/15/2012

10 Year CV Risk: 17.8%

Chronic Conditions: Diabetes, Coronary Heart Disease, Cardiovascular Disease

Measure: LDL (mg/dl)	188	HDL	59	TRIG	121	BP1 (mm Hg)	132/84	BP2 (mm Hg)	132/88	A1c (%)	7.7	Cr (mg/dl)	0.62	eGFR (std)	>60.0	
Value:																
Date:																
Goal:	<= 69 mg/dl						<= 139/89								<=7.9	
Lipids		Priority		Blood Pressure						Glucose/A1c						
Absolute CV Risk Reduction: 3%		3		Absolute CV Risk Reduction: 0%						Absolute CV Risk Reduction: 0%						
Current Lipid Meds: GEMFIBROZIL, ROSUVASTATIN				Current BP Meds: METOPROLOL, LISINOPRIL						Current Blood Sugar Meds: GLIPIZIDE, METFORMIN						
Safety Alerts:				Treatments to Consider:						Comments:						
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Combination lipid therapy for LDL lowering has not been proven to be more beneficial than statin therapy alone for most patients. The combination of gemfibrozil and statins is contraindicated. 				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The recommendations are based off a BP reading prior to todays. Treatment recommendations do not take into account pharmacological action since that date. 						<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Urine protein screening is recommended annually. Consider ordering UMA/CR. 						
Treatments to Consider:																
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The patient's LDL is above goal. Consider intensifying statin therapy (increase dose of existing statin or prescribe a more potent statin). 																
BMI: 30.6		Priority		Smoking: YES		Priority		Aspirin or Blood Thinner Use: YES								
Absolute CV Risk Reduction: 5% (based on a 3 unit drop in BMI)		2		Absolute CV Risk Reduction: 13%		1		Absolute CV Risk Reduction: 0%								
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Discuss advantages of reducing weight by 10-20 lbs. Weight loss programs may be helpful, and are available in the community or through HP Nutrition Services (952-967-5120) or by visiting www.healthpartners.com/public/health/. 				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Tobacco use is identified. Ask about interest in quitting. If interested, offer the following: 1) prescribe medication such as varenicline (Chantix), bupropion (Zyban), or nicotine replacement (e.g. nicotine patch, gum, lozenge, or inhaler). 2) Arrange counseling proactively. Type "HealthPartners" under orders, or the patient may call 1-800-311-1052. 				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Aspirin is recommended for patients with coronary heart disease. 								

The CVWizard suggestions are based on electronically available data and are not intended to be a substitute for clinical judgment. Alternative actions to those that Wizard suggests may be indicated. Exercise independent clinical judgment, review allergies, and follow product labeling instructions before choosing Wizard prescribing suggestions. Copyright 2012 HealthPartners, all rights reserved. *In the absence of Lipid values, risk is based on the BMI Framingham equation. [2012061510090011]

Print

Print All

Close

Feedback

Provider

Patient

MRN

Today's Date: 6/15/2012

Can you reduce your danger of heart attack and stroke?

Yes, you can! If you want to avoid a heart attack or stroke, talk to your doctor about what you can do about the things with the most  signs. The things with the  are ok.

Bad Cholesterol - LDL Goal 99 mg/dl or less		Blood Pressure - BP Goal 139/ 89 mmHg or less		Blood Sugar - A1c Goal 7.9 % or less	
Date	Your Status	Date	Your Status	Date	Your Status
1	152		186/124		13.3
 				  	
Weight		Smoking		Aspirin or Blood Thinner Use	
Date	Your Status	Date	Your Status	Your Status:	
0	385 #		QUIT	YES	
 					

Talk to your doctor about anything with one or more  symbols. Take notes here about what you can do to improve your heart health:

For more information on health and wellness, visit: <http://www.healthpartners.com/public/health/>

The CVWizard suggestions are based on electronically available data and are not intended to be a substitute for clinical judgment. Alternative actions to those that Wizard suggests may be indicated. Exercise independent clinical judgment, review allergies, and follow product labeling instructions before choosing Wizard prescribing suggestions. Copyright 2012 HealthPartners, all rights reserved. *In the absence of lipid values, risk is based on the 80th Framingham equation. (20130816100129811)

Close

Print

Print All



CV Wizard

- Is this a useful tool?
- Is it a decision aid?
- Does it lead to SDM?
- Why or why not?

The Statin Choice Decision Aid

Current Risk

Intervention

Issues

Notes

Document

Benefits vs Downsides according to my personal health information

Using ACC/AHA ASCVD Risk Calculator

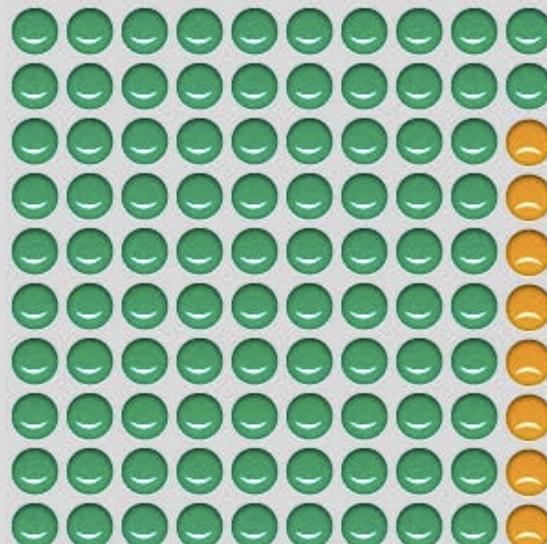
Current Risk of having a heart attack

Risk for 100 people like you who **do not**
medicate for heart problems

Over 10 years

8 people will
have a heart
attack

92 people
will have no
heart attack



Future Risk of having a heart attack

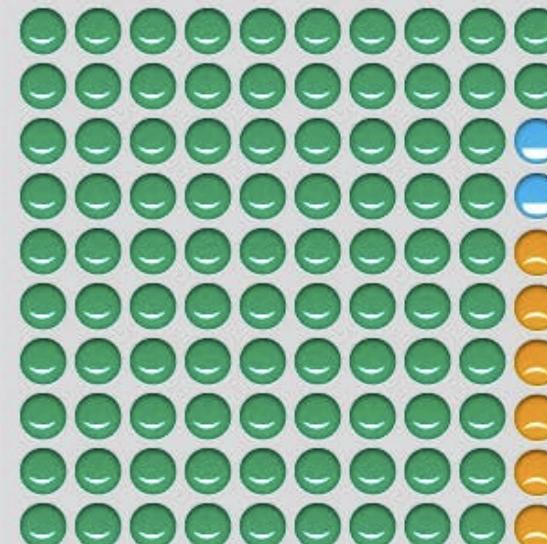
Risk for 100 people like you who do take
standard dose statins

Over 10 years

6 people will
have a heart
attack

92 people
will have no
heart attack

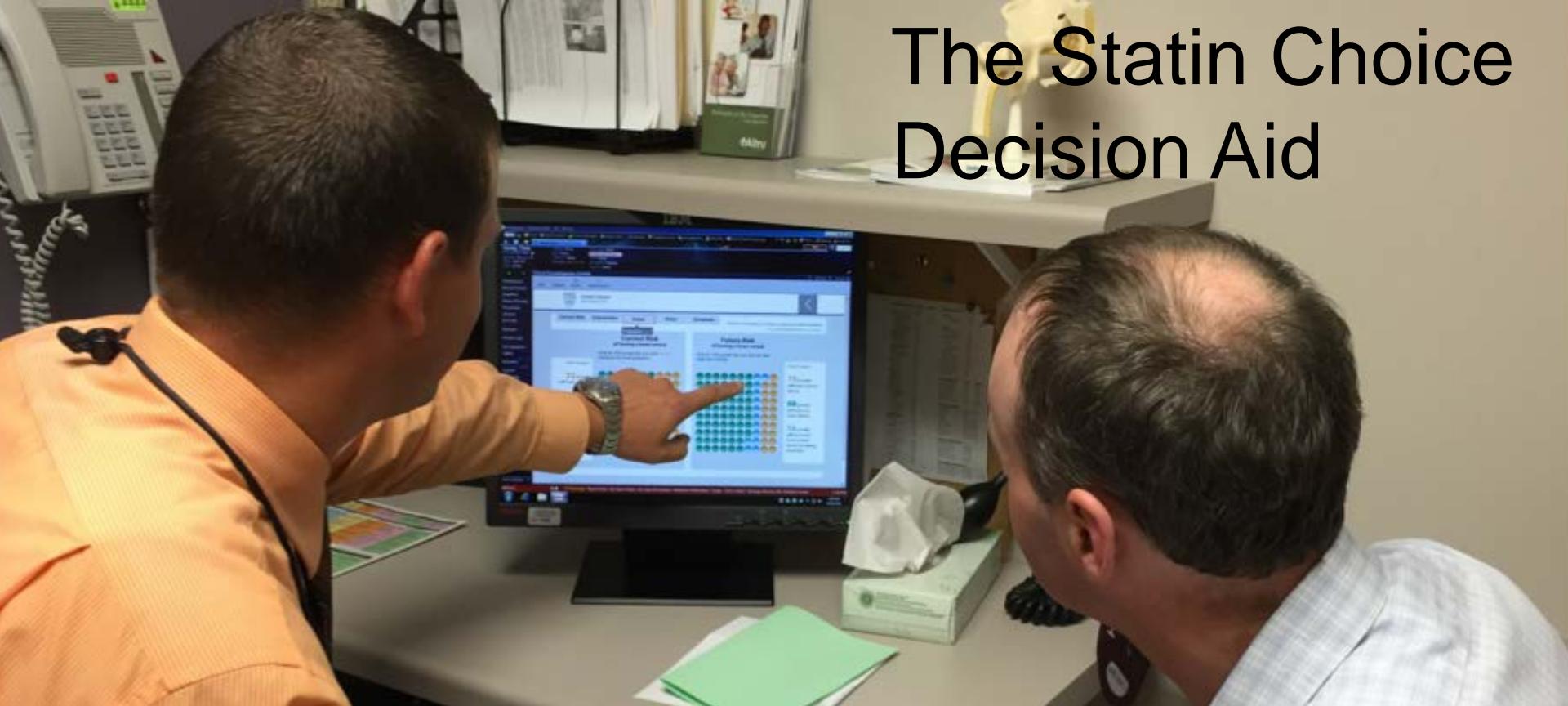
2 people will
be saved from a
heart attack by
taking medicine



Statin Choice

- Is this a useful tool?
- Is it a decision aid?
- Does it lead to SDM?
- Why or why not?

The Statin Choice Decision Aid



- Developed through user-centered design
- Proven in RCTs to make SDM happen
- Well accepted by patients and clinicians
- Can be implemented with high fidelity

Information-giving,
decision support
tools, and even
decision aids

\neq SDM

A useful decision aid makes it easier to do SDM.

A useful decision aid makes it easier to implement SDM.

**First rule of SDM implementation: use
a decision aid that is designed and
proven to achieve SDM**

Patient Decision Aids

A to Z Inventory of Decision Aids

Search all decision aids:

OR

[Browse](#) an alphabetical listing of decision aids by health topic.

In picking your decision aid, look at
“IPDAS” criteria, primary studies for
design, delivery method, **outcomes!!!**

Patients, clinicians, and decision aids do the work of SDM.

The next level of implementation is up to you and your team.

1. Making sense; aligning beliefs
2. Engaging others; enrolling support
3. Organizing and performing tasks
4. Modifying, appraising, reflecting

The things you do to do THIS work are called “implementation strategies.”

Change
infrastructure

Adapt and tailor
to context

Develop
stakeholder
interrelationships

Provide
interactive
assistance

Train and
educate
stakeholders

In picking your implementation
strategies, consider the
intervention, as well as the
culture, priorities, resources,
and norms of your
organization. You will want to
bundle strategies!

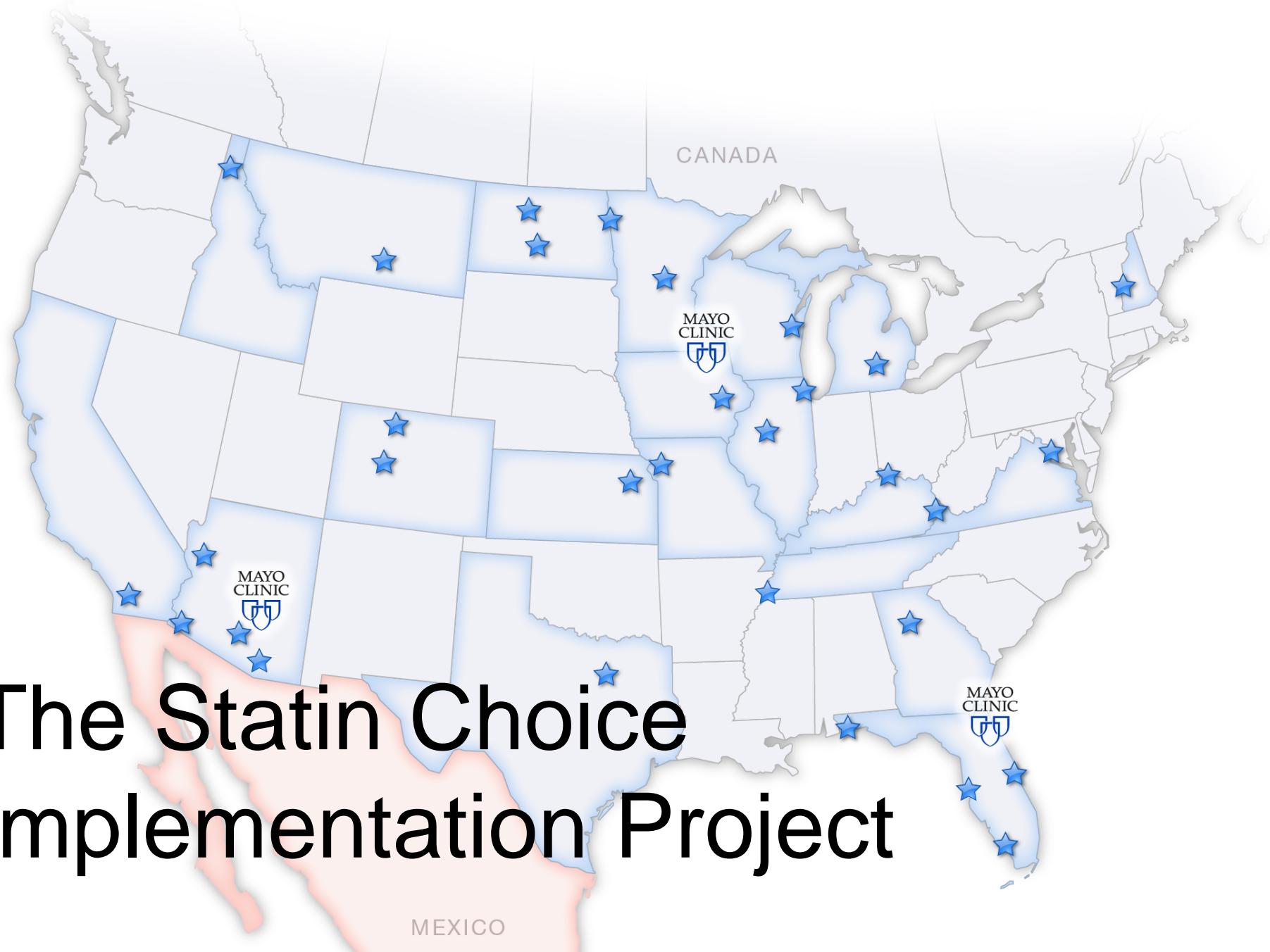
Support
clinicians

Engage
consumers

Use evaluative
and iterative
strategies

Utilize financial
strategies

The Statin Choice Implementation Project

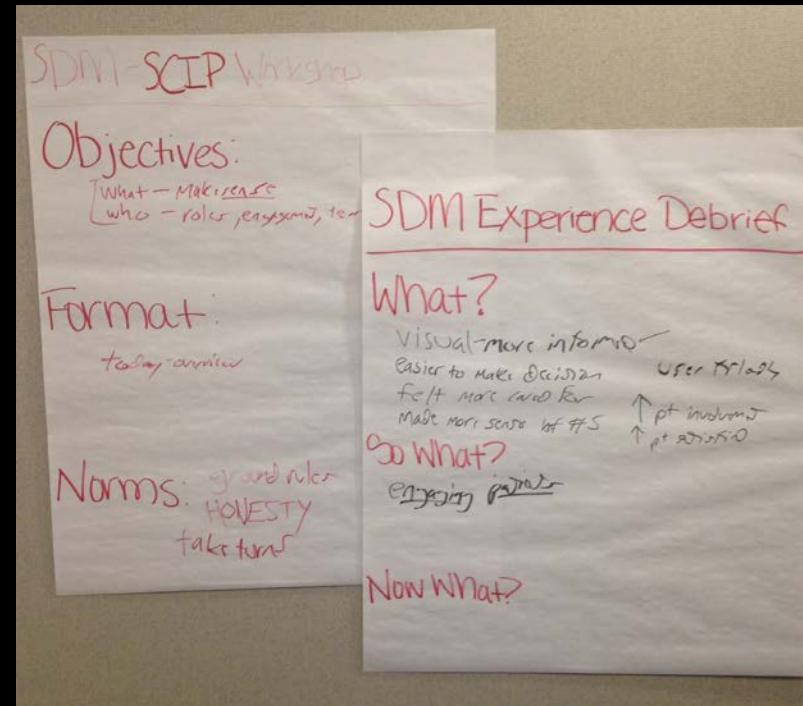


Goal: Integrate the Statin Choice Decision Aid into the routine clinical practice and workflow of all primary care clinicians across a health system within 6 months.

What do you do?

Assess, Assess, Assess!!!

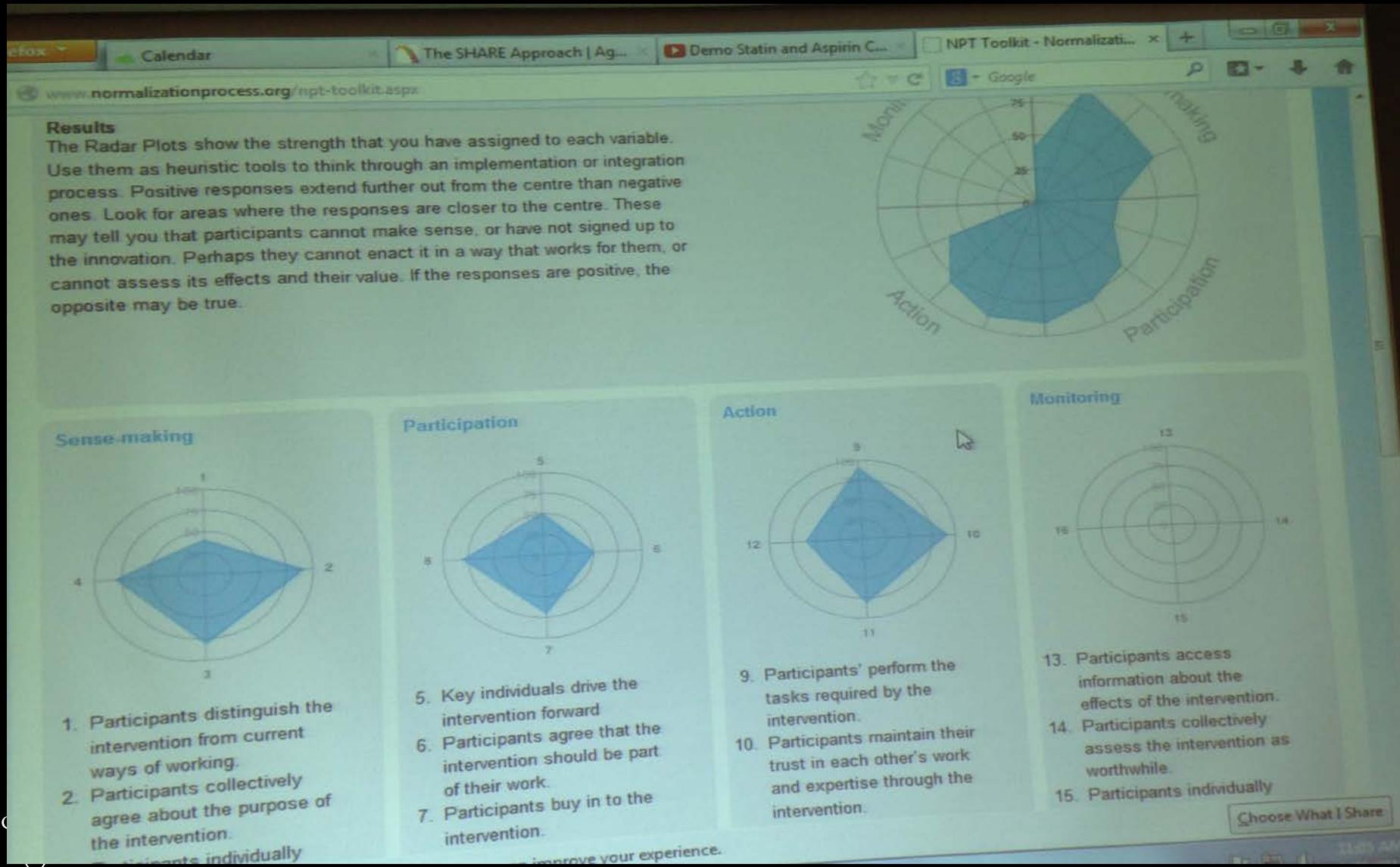
1. Observations, interviews, surveys
2. Implementation team workshop
3. Normalization Process Assessment



Normalization Process Assessment

Results

The Radar Plots show the strength that you have assigned to each variable. Use them as heuristic tools to think through an implementation or integration process. Positive responses extend further out from the centre than negative ones. Look for areas where the responses are closer to the centre. These may tell you that participants cannot make sense, or have not signed up to the innovation. Perhaps they cannot enact it in a way that works for them, or cannot assess its effects and their value. If the responses are positive, the opposite may be true.



Sense-making

Participation

Action

Monitoring

1. Participants distinguish the intervention from current ways of working.
2. Participants collectively agree about the purpose of the intervention.
3. Participants individually
4. Participants distinguish the intervention from current ways of working.
5. Key individuals drive the intervention forward
6. Participants agree that the intervention should be part of their work.
7. Participants buy in to the intervention.
8. Participants individually
9. Participants' perform the tasks required by the intervention.
10. Participants maintain their trust in each other's work and expertise through the intervention.
11. Participants individually
12. Participants access information about the effects of the intervention.
13. Participants collectively assess the intervention as worthwhile.
14. Participants individually
15. Participants individually

Choose What I Share

System 1

“organic, we’re good”

- **Structure:** 86 PCPs spread over rural region; isolated
- **Culture:** teamwork, patient first, clinician-led
- **Priorities:** better integration, world-class care
- **Team:** personal familiarity, “friendly,” ex-CEO is “physician champion”
- **Perceived strengths:** IT powerhouse, cultural fit with SDM
- **Perceived barriers:** “organic, we’re good; process, not so good,” CV wizard in place

System 2

“educate, that’s what we do”

- **Structure:** 84 PCP's across region, integrated
- **Culture:** consumer/market-driven; leadership-directed; hierarchical; tense; proud innovators
- **Priorities:** access/market share, innovation, patient activation
- **Team:** mechanical, business-like, unengaged
- **Perceived strengths:** history of implementation successes, process in place, resources committed, strong IT, learning environment
- **Perceived barriers:** poor cultural fit, disengaged team, low priority

System 3

“we’re changing to something bigger”

- **Structure:** 32 PCPs at single referral site
- **Culture:** growing into regional referral center; independent; developing identity
- **Priorities:** improving patient engagement, capacity and access, image
- **Team:** engaged physician champion, never worked together
- **Perceived strengths:** small, intimate
- **Perceived barriers:** EMR, independent and paternalistic physicians

	System 1 ("organic")	System 2 ("educate")	System 3 ("changing")
Organizational Maturity	+++	++++	+
Communication Capacity	++	++++	+++++
Cultural Fit and Compatibility	+++	+	++++
Team Appropriateness	++++	++++	++++
Leadership Commitment	++	+++	++++
Available IT Capacity	+++++	++++	+
Implementation Experience	++	++++	++

System 1

“organic, we’re good”

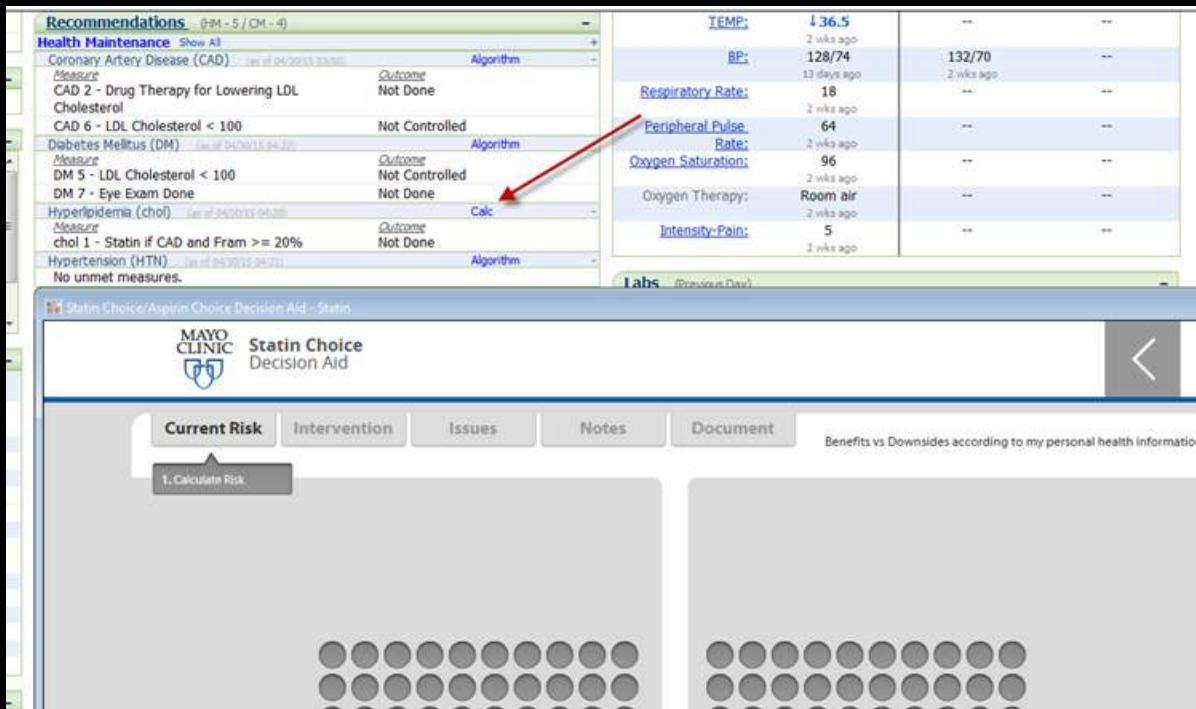
- IT was strength; achieved full integration in Epic, but took time
- Had no process for education after go live; no communication to outlying clinics
- Team did not meet regularly; little front-line engagement
- We wrote letter on behalf of physician champion

The image shows a screenshot of a website for 'Clinical Programs'. The header includes the text 'Working Together to Improve Quality and Care' and 'Clinical Programs'. The main content area features the heading 'Help Patients and Clinicians Visualize Heart Attack Risk and Intervention Options with the Statin Choice Decision Aid'. Below this, there is a section with the text 'Primary Products: EpicCare Ambulatory', 'Core Epic Tools: Active Guidelines', and 'Last Updated: August 17, 2016'. The bottom of the page has a red footer with the 'Epic' logo.

System 2

“educate, that’s what we do”

- Reluctant participants at leadership level, but had legacy system and process that was very effective.
- IT integration followed by instructional video, provider meetings, “at the elbow support.”



System 3

“we’re changing to something bigger”

- Highly motivated team; prioritized intervention into routine well visits. Small size made saturation easier.
- Leadership highly engaged, competitive; promoted internally through communications team.
- Failure to achieve IT integration had opportunity costs that might not have been acceptable in more mature organization.

LEADING EDGE

Using Research to Improve Treatment

THE MAYO CLINIC CARE NETWORK IS WORKING TO IMPROVE COLLABORATION

By Andrea Nagel

Kootenai Health is participating in a research study by the Mayo Clinic Care Network. The study, called the Statin Choice Implementation Project, is designed to study the effects of physicians and patients working together to make medical decisions. This particular project focuses on the decision to start taking statin (cholesterol-lowering) medication to prevent cardiovascular events like heart attacks.

The study was prompted by changes in clinical guidelines that recommend when cholesterol medication should be used to reduce the risk of heart attack in patients with certain risk levels. The new guidelines are controversial because they suggest a risk cutoff level that patients and physicians (including leading experts) may not agree with. Under the study, physicians involve patients in the decision-making process by informing them about their heart attack risk level without a medication and how that risk might change if they choose to start taking one.

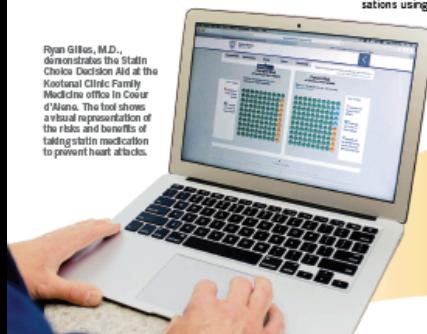
The medical community is calling this approach to making decisions together “shared decision making.”

“The study is also assessing current attitudes about

shared decision making,” said Ryan Gilles, M.D., Kootenai Clinic Family Medicine Coeur d'Alene Residency and physician leader for the Statin Choice Implementation Project at Kootenai. “As we use and integrate this approach in our care model, we'll be able to track changes in what our patients and physicians think about collaborating on health care decisions.”

Over the next two years, all of Kootenai's primary care clinics will implement a new tool, called the Statin Choice Decision Aid, into their routines. The web-based tool displays a patient's individual risk of having a heart attack both with and without a statin medication. It displays this information visually in a way that patients can easily view and understand. The goal of the tool is to encourage patients and their physicians to have meaningful discussions about whether starting a statin is appropriate or not.

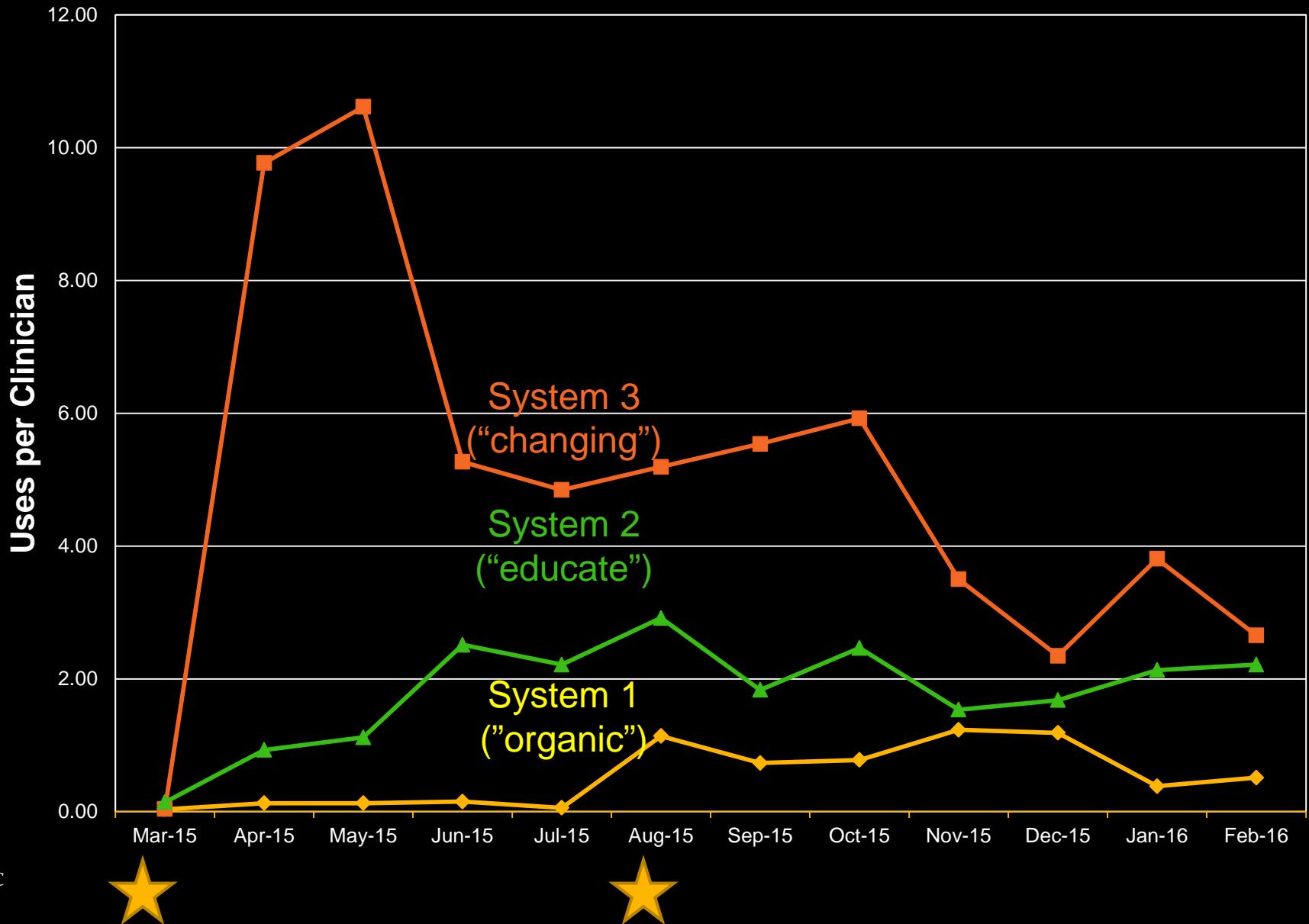
“We are really excited to have Kootenai's partnering with us in this project,” said Victor Montori, M.D., lead developer of the Statin Choice tool and principal investigator for the study. “Patients and physicians everywhere are struggling with whether to start a statin medication to prevent heart attacks and strokes. Kootenai is figuring out how to improve these conversations using the Statin Choice tool. This could help improve the quality of preventive care for a lot of people.”



PARTNERS IN CARE Learn more about Kootenai Health's involvement with the Mayo Clinic Care Network at KH.org/mayo.

KH.ORG | 5

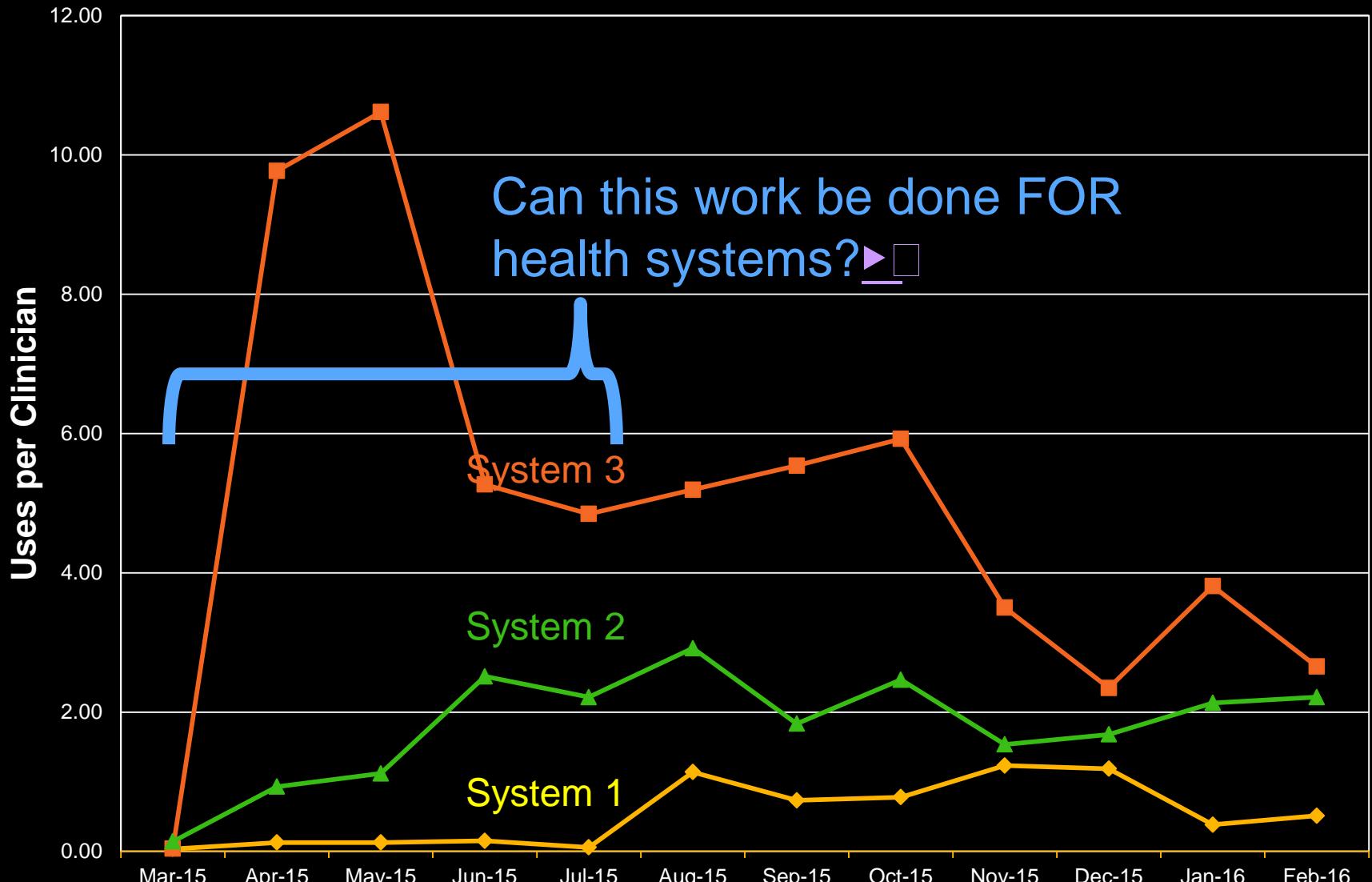
Statin Choice Usage by IP Address



What did we learn?

- IT integration is technically straightforward, but delays with programmer bandwidth, vendors/privacy
- SDM will never be an organization's top priority
- Culture is nice, process and communication is critical (especially in large systems)
- Education is straightforward and required, in-person follow-up ideal
- If you build it, they can come...but they won't necessarily
- Fidelity appears to be high, but statin choice alone does not a culture change make

Statin Choice Usage by IP Address



Can this work be done FOR
health systems?  

System 3

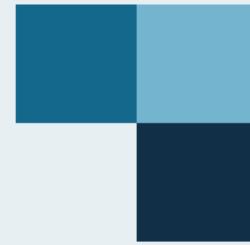
System 2

System 1



Questions & Discussion

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Your poll will show here

1

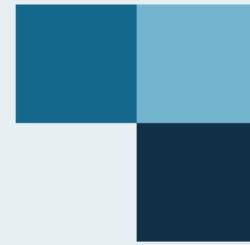
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